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Conversion of 2-Dimensional Electrospun Membrane into 3-Dimensional Nanofibrous Scaffold with Desired Shape

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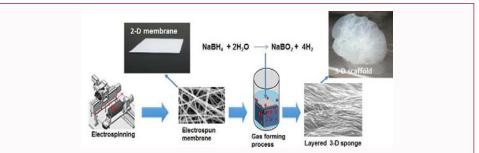
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Clinical Image

Electrospunmembranes that are structurally/morphologically similar to natural Extra Cellular Matrix (ECM) are potential for tissue engineering [1]. However, their sheet like two-dimensional structure with densely packed fibers hinders cellular infiltration and growth during the tissue regeneration. Therefore, transformation of 2-D membrane into porous 3-D scaffold is potential for tissue engineering application [2,3]. Herein, we have developed a facile post electro spinning technique to convert 2-D electrospun membrane into layered 3-D porous nanofibrous scaffold using a gas foaming process (Figure 1). Interestingly, it is found that one can manually change the conventional 2-D electrospun membrane into the desired shape and size 3-D scaffold during the conversion process (treatment of electrospun membrane with aqueous NaBH4 solution) as shown in Figure 2. We look forward to see the use of this technique to develop desired shape scaffold for varieties of human organs in the near future.



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Copyright © 2018 Hem Raj Pant. This is an open access article distributed under the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original work is properly cited. Figure 1: Illustration for the formation of layered 3-D porous scaffold from the conventional 2-D electrospun membrane.

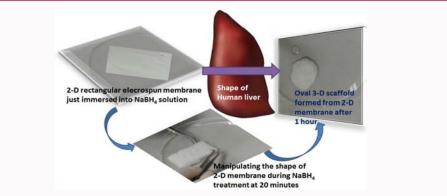


Figure 2: Manual conversion of 2-D electrospun membrane into desired shape 3-D spongy scaffold using forceps during the gas foaming process where liver-like structure can be fabricated.

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